A Genealogical Profile of Samuel Fuller

**Birth:** Samuel was baptized at Redenhall, Norfolk on January 20, 1580.

**Death:** He died in Plymouth between August 9 and September 26, 1633.

**Ship:** *Mayflower*, 1620

**Life in England:** Samuel’s father, Robert, was a butcher in Redenhall, Norfolk. Robert’s 1614 will listed his wife Frances, sons, Thomas, Edward, Samuel and John and daughters, Ann, Elizabeth and Mary. Samuel must have spent part of his life in London as he described himself as “of London” in his 1613 betrothal in Leiden to Agnes Carpenter.

**Life in Holland:** Samuel was in Leiden by October 7, 1611. He worked as a say-weaver. He married twice while living there. In June 1620, he was one of several men who wrote a letter to their agents in England about the agreement with their financial backers.

**Life in New England:** Samuel Fuller came to Plymouth aboard the *Mayflower* with a servant, William Button, who died during the voyage. His wife, Bridget, joined him in the summer of 1623. He was a deacon of the Plymouth church, and was also Plymouth’s surgeon, although there is no evidence that he was formally trained. In 1629, Samuel went to Salem, apparently in both capacities. He went to Massachusetts Bay Colony in 1630 to help during an epidemic there, and again advised on religious matters as well as tended the sick.

**Family:** Samuel Fuller married (1) Alice Glasscock, possibly in England, who died by 1613. He married (2) Agnes Carpenter in Leiden on April 23, 1613. She was buried at St. Pieterskerk on July 3, 1615. He married (3) Bridget Lee in Leiden on May 27, 1617. It is unclear how many children they had.

**Child of Samuel and Agnes Fuller:**

- A child was buried on June 29, 1615 in Leiden.

**Children of Samuel and Bridget Fuller:**

- A child born in Leiden, who came to Plymouth after May 1627. Bradford’s list of passengers stated “His wife was behind, and a child which came afterwards.” If so, this child was not mentioned in Samuel’s will. Some have speculated that the Bridget Fuller who married Henry Sirkman in Plymouth on September 30, 1641 might be this child.
- Mercy was born after May 22, 1627. She was still living as of Bradford’s list of passengers made in 1651, but there is no further record.

**For Further Information**


Where do I go from here?

Researching your family’s history can be a fun, rewarding, and occasionally frustrating project. Start with what you know by collecting information on your immediate family. Then, trace back through parents, grandparents, and beyond. This is a great opportunity to speak to relatives, gather family stories, arrange and identify old family photographs, and document family possessions that have been passed down from earlier generations.

Once you have learned all you can from family members, you will begin to discover other sources. A wide variety of records can help you learn more about the lives of your ancestors. These include birth, marriage, and death records; immigration and naturalization records; land records; census records; probate records and wills; church and cemetery records; newspapers; passenger lists; military records; and much more.

When you use information from any source — an original record, a printed book, or a website — always be careful to document it. If you use a book, you should cite the author or compiler, the full title, publication information and pages used. Also be sure to record the author’s sources for the information. If the author’s sources aren’t provided, you will have to try to find the original source. Many genealogical works contain faulty information, and the Internet also contains many inaccuracies. In order for your work to be accepted — by lineage societies and other genealogists — it must be properly documented.

Important Genealogical Resources

New England Historic Genealogical Society
Founded in 1845, NEHGS is the country’s oldest and largest genealogical society. The library contains over 200,000 books, plus significant manuscript and microfilm collections, and a circulating library by mail. NEHGS members receive two periodicals, the Register and New England Ancestors, and can access valuable genealogical data online.

Plimoth Plantation: Bringing Your History To Life
As a non-profit, educational organization our mission is: to offer the public powerful experiences of history, built upon thorough research of the Wampanoag and Pilgrim communities. We offer multiple learning opportunities to provide a deeper understanding of the relationship of historical events to modern America. Members have access to our Research Library.
Plimoth Plantation, 137 Warren Avenue, Plymouth, MA 02632; 508-746-1622; www.plimoth.org

Recommended Websites
• www.PlymouthAncestors.org
• www.CyndisList.com
• www.FamilySearch.org
• www.USGenWeb.org

Genealogical Libraries in Plymouth

General Society of Mayflower Descendants Library
A collection focused principally on the genealogies of the descendants of the Mayflower passengers.
4 Winslow St., Plymouth; 508-746-3188; www.mayflower.org

Plymouth Collection, Plymouth Public Library
Over 1200 items relating to the descendants of the Pilgrims, as well as the many other immigrants who settled in the area.
132 South St., Plymouth; 508-830-4250; www.plymouthpubliclibrary.org

Recommended Books

A collaboration between Plimoth Plantation and the New England Historic Genealogical Society®
www.PlymouthAncestors.org